

Zadatak 36. Na pravcima $y = 4x - 8$ i $y = -2x + 9$ dvije su visine trokuta ABC . Ako je $A(-3, 1)$, odredi vrhove B i C trokuta.

Rješenje.

$$v_b \dots y = 4x - 8$$

$$v_c \dots y = -2x + 9$$

$$\begin{array}{c} A(-3, 1) \\ \hline B, C=? \end{array}$$

$$\{H\} = v_b \cap v_c \dots 4x - 8 = -2x + 9$$

$$6x = 17$$

$$x = \frac{17}{6}$$

$$y = 4 \cdot \frac{17}{6} - 8$$

$$y = \frac{10}{3} \implies H\left(\frac{17}{6}, \frac{10}{3}\right)$$

$$v_a = H \dots y - 1 = \frac{\frac{10}{3} - 1}{\frac{17}{6} + 3}(x + 3)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{\frac{7}{3}}{\frac{35}{6}}(x + 3)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{2}{5}(x + 3)$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{11}{5}$$

$$a \perp v_a \implies k_a = -\frac{1}{k_{v_a}} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$b \perp v_b \implies k_b = -\frac{1}{k_{v_b}} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$c \perp v_c \implies k_c = -\frac{1}{k_{v_c}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A \in b \implies y - 1 = -\frac{1}{4}(x + 3)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$A \in c \implies y - 1 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 3)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\{B\} = v_b \cap c \dots 4x - 8 = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2} \quad / \cdot 2$$

$$8x - 16 = x + 5$$

$$7x = 21$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = 4 \cdot 3 - 8$$

$$y = 4 \implies B(3, 4)$$

$$\{C\} = v_c \cap b \quad \dots \quad -2x + 9 = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{4} \quad / \cdot 4$$

$$-8x + 16 = -x + 1$$

$$-7x = -35$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = -2 \cdot 5 + 9$$

$$y = -1 \implies C(5, -1)$$