

Zadatak 9. Ako je $3 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x \cdot \cos x - \cos^2 x = 1$, $x \in [5, 6]$, izračunaj $\operatorname{ctg} x$.

Rješenje.

$$x \in [5, 6]$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 5 \text{ rad} = 286.48^\circ \\ 6 \text{ rad} = 343.77^\circ \end{array} \right\} \implies \text{IV. kvadrant} \implies \sin x < 0, \cos x > 0, \operatorname{ctg} x < 0$$

$$3 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x \cdot \cos x - \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$3 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x \cdot \cos x - \cos^2 x = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x \quad / : \sin^2 x$$

$$3 + 3 \operatorname{ctg} x - \operatorname{ctg}^2 x = \operatorname{ctg}^2 x + 1$$

$$-2 \operatorname{ctg}^2 x + 3 \operatorname{ctg} x + 2 = 0$$

$$\operatorname{ctg} x_{1,2} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 16}}{4} = \frac{3 \pm 5}{4} \implies \operatorname{ctg} x_1 = -\frac{1}{2}, \operatorname{ctg} x_2 = 2$$

Kako u IV. kvadrantu $\operatorname{ctg} x < 0$ sljedi da je traženo rješenje

$$\operatorname{ctg} x = -\frac{1}{2}.$$