

Zadatak 28. Ako je $\operatorname{tg}(-x) = -3 \operatorname{ctg} x$, $-\frac{9\pi}{2} < x < -4\pi$, koliko je $\sin(-x) \cdot \cos(-x)$?

Rješenje. $-\frac{9\pi}{2} < x < -4\pi \implies \frac{3\pi}{2} < x < 2\pi$ (IV. kvadrant $\cos x > 0$, $\sin x$, $\operatorname{tg} x$, $\operatorname{ctg} x < 0$)

$$\operatorname{tg}(-x) = -3 \operatorname{ctg} x$$

$$-\operatorname{tg} x = -3 \operatorname{ctg} x$$

$$\operatorname{tg} x = 3 \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x}$$

$$\operatorname{tg}^2 x = 3$$

$$\operatorname{tg} x = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\cos(-x) = \cos x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + 3}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin x = -\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 x} = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sin(-x) \cdot \cos(-x) = -\sin x \cos x = -\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}.$$