

- Zadatak 6.**
- 1)  $\sin x - \sqrt{3} \cos x = 0;$
  - 2)  $\sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x = 0;$
  - 3)  $\sin 2x + \sqrt{3} \cos 2x = 0;$
  - 4)  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) + \operatorname{ctg}(2\pi - x) = 0;$
  - 5)  $\operatorname{ctg}\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + x\right) = \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x\right).$

**Rješenje.** 1)

$$\begin{aligned}\sin x - \sqrt{3} \cos x &= 0 \quad / : 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos x &= 0 \\ \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \sin x - \cos \frac{\pi}{6} \cos x &= 0 \\ -\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + x\right) &= 0 \\ \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + x\right) &= 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{6} + x &= \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \\ x &= \frac{\pi}{3} + k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z};\end{aligned}$$

2)

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x &= 0 \quad / : 2 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \sin x + \frac{1}{2} \cos x &= 0 \\ \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \sin x + \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \cos x &= 0 \\ \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) &= 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{3} - x &= -\frac{\pi}{2} - k\pi \\ -x &= -\frac{5\pi}{6} - k\pi \\ x &= \frac{5\pi}{6} + k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z};\end{aligned}$$

3)

$$\sin 2x + \sqrt{3} \cos 2x = 0 \quad / : 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 2x = 0$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{3} \sin 2x + \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \cos 2x = 0$$

$$\sin\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0$$

$$2x + \frac{\pi}{3} = k\pi$$

$$2x = -\frac{\pi}{3} + k\pi$$

$$x = -\frac{\pi}{6} + k \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

4)

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) + \operatorname{ctg}(2\pi - x) = 0$$

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos x + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin x + \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg}(2\pi - x)} = 0$$

$$\cos x + \frac{1 + \operatorname{tg} 2\pi \operatorname{tg} x}{\operatorname{tg} 2\pi - \operatorname{tg} x} = 0$$

$$\cos x + \frac{1}{-\operatorname{tg} x} = 0$$

$$\cos x - \operatorname{ctg} x = 0$$

$$\cos x - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = 0$$

$$\cos x \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sin x}\right) = 0$$

$$1^\circ \quad \cos x = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$$

$$2^\circ \quad 1 - \frac{1}{\sin x} = 0$$

$$\sin x - 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = 1$$

$$x_2 = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$\implies x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$x = (2k + 1) \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z};$$

5)

$$\operatorname{ctg}\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + x\right) = \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x\right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{ctg}\frac{3\pi}{2} \operatorname{ctg}x - 1}{\operatorname{ctg}\frac{3\pi}{2} + \operatorname{ctg}x} = \cos\frac{3\pi}{2} \cos x + \sin\frac{3\pi}{2} \sin x$$

$$\frac{-1}{\operatorname{ctg}x} = -\sin x$$

$$-\operatorname{tg}x + \sin x = 0$$

$$-\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \sin x = 0$$

$$\sin x\left(-\frac{1}{\cos x} + 1\right) = 0$$

$$1^\circ \quad \sin x = 0 \quad 2^\circ \quad -\frac{1}{\cos x} + 1 = 0$$

$$x_1 = k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$-1 + \cos x = 0$$

$$\cos x = 1$$

$$x_2 = 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$x_1 \cup x_2 \implies x = k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$