

Zadatak 12. Izračunaj:

1) $\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}$, ako je $\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = -\frac{7}{24}$, $\frac{5\pi}{2} < \alpha < 3\pi$;

2) $\sin \alpha$, ako je $\cos 2\alpha = \frac{7}{8}$, $\frac{3\pi}{4} < \alpha < \pi$;

3) $\operatorname{ctg} \frac{\alpha}{2}$, ako je $\cos 2\alpha = -\frac{527}{625}$, $\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$;

4) $\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2}$, ako je $\operatorname{ctg} \alpha = -2.4$, $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \alpha < 2\pi$.

Rješenje. 1) $\frac{5\pi}{2} < \alpha < 3\pi \implies \frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \pi \implies \sin \alpha > 0, \cos \alpha < 0$;
 $\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \pi \implies \frac{\pi}{4} < \frac{\alpha}{2} < \frac{\pi}{2} \implies \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} > 0$:

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{ctg}^2 \alpha}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{49}{576}}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\frac{625}{576}}} = \sqrt{\frac{576}{625}} = \frac{24}{25}$$

$$\cos \alpha = -\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{576}{625}} = -\sqrt{\frac{49}{625}} = -\frac{7}{25}$$

$$\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{7}{25}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{18}{25}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{25}} = \frac{3}{5};$$

2) $\frac{3\pi}{4} < \alpha < \pi \implies \sin \alpha > 0$:

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2\alpha}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{7}{8}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{8}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{16}} = \frac{1}{4};$$

3) $\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2} \implies \sin \alpha, \cos \alpha > 0$:

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2\alpha}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{527}{625}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1152}{625}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{576}{625}} = \frac{24}{25}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos 2\alpha}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{527}{625}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{98}{625}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{625}} = \frac{7}{25}$$

$$\operatorname{ctg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1 + \frac{7}{25}}{\frac{24}{25}} = \frac{32}{24} = \frac{4}{3};$$

$$4) \frac{3\pi}{2} < \alpha < 2\pi \implies \frac{3\pi}{4} < \frac{\alpha}{2} < \pi \implies \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} > 0, \cos \frac{\alpha}{2}, \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} < 0:$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{1}{\operatorname{ctg} \alpha} = -\frac{1}{2.4} = -\frac{5}{12}$$

$$-\frac{5}{12} = \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$-5 \left(1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) = 12 \cdot \left(2 \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} \right)$$

$$5 \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} - 5 = 24 \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$5 \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} - 24 \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} - 5 = 0 \quad \left(\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = t \right)$$

$$5t^2 - 24t - 5 = 0$$

$$t_{1,2} = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{576 + 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 5}}{10} = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{576 + 100}}{10} = \frac{24 \pm 26}{10} = \frac{12 \pm 13}{5}$$

$$t_1 = -\frac{1}{5}, \quad t_2 = 5;$$

Kako mora vrijediti $\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} < 0$ sljedi:

$$\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = -\frac{1}{5}.$$