

**Zadatak 29.** Koristeći samo operacije zbrajanja i množenja odredi  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$  s točnošću od 4 decimale.

*Rješenje.* Odredimo intervale  $\langle a_n, a'_n \rangle$ ,  $\langle b_n, b'_n \rangle$  unutar kojih leže brojevi  $\sqrt{2}$ , odnosno  $\sqrt{3}$ . Onda će biti  $a_n + b_n < \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} < a'_n + b'_n$ .

$$1 = 1^2 < 2 < 2^2 = 4;$$

$$1.96 = 1.4^2 < 2 < 1.5^2 = 2.25;$$

$$1.9881 = 1.41^2 < 2 < 1.42^2 = 2.0164;$$

$$1.999396 = 1.414^2 < 2 < 1.415^2 = 2.002225;$$

$$1.99996164 = 1.4142^2 < 2 < 1.4143^2 = 2.00024449; \text{ itd.}$$

Dakle  $a_n = 1.4142$ ,  $a'_n = 1.4143$ .

$$1 = 1^2 < 3 < 2^2 = 4;$$

$$2.89 = 1.7^2 < 3 < 1.8^2 = 3.24;$$

$$2.9929 = 1.73^2 < 3 < 1.74^2 = 3.0276;$$

$$2.999824 = 1.732^2 < 3 < 1.733^2 = 3.003289;$$

$$2.999824 = 1.7320^2 < 3 < 1.7321^2 = 3.00017041; \text{ itd.}$$

Dakle  $b_n = 1.7320$ ,  $b'_n = 1.7321$ .

Sada slijedi

$$1.4142 + 1.7320 < \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} < 1.4143 + 1.7321;$$

$$3.1462 < \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} < 3.1464.$$