

Rješenja zadatka 4.1

Zadatak 1. Izračunaj kvocijent $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$ za funkciju f u zadanoj točki x_0 :

1) $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$,
u bilo kojoj točki $x_0 \in D_f$;

2) $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$,
u bilo kojoj točki $x_0 \in D_f$;

3) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$, u bilo kojoj
točki $x_0 \in D_f$;

4) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$, u bilo kojoj
točki $x_0 \in D_f$;

5) $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$, u bilo kojoj
točki $x_0 \in D_f$.

Rješenje. 1) $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$, $x_0 \in D_f$;

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0) = (x_0 + \Delta x)^2 - 3(x_0 + \Delta x) + 1 - x_0^2 + 3x_0 - 1 \\ &= x_0^2 + 2x_0\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - 3x_0 - 3\Delta x + 3x_0 - x_0^2 = \Delta x^2 + (2x_0 - 3)\Delta x \\ \implies \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= \Delta x + 2x_0 - 3, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=1} = \Delta x - 1, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=2} = \Delta x + 1;\end{aligned}$$

2) $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$, $x_0 \in D_f$;

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0) = a(x_0 + \Delta x)^2 + b(x_0 + \Delta x) + C - ax_0^2 - bx_0 - C \\ &= a(x_0^2 + 2x_0\Delta x + \Delta x^2) + bx_0 + b\Delta x - ax_0^2 - bx_0 \\ &= ax_0^2 + 2ax_0\Delta x + a\Delta x^2 + b\Delta x - ax_0^2 = a\Delta x^2 + (2ax_0 + b)\Delta x \\ \implies \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= a\Delta x + 2ax_0 + b, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=1} = a\Delta x + 2a + b, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=2} = a\Delta x + 4a + b;\end{aligned}$$

3) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, $x_0 = 1$, $x_0 = 2$, $x_0 \in D_f$;

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0) = \frac{1}{x_0 + \Delta x} - \frac{1}{x_0} = \frac{x_0 - x_0 - \Delta x}{x_0(x_0 + \Delta x)} = -\frac{\Delta x}{x_0(x_0 + \Delta x)} \\ \implies \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= -\frac{1}{x_0^2 + x_0\Delta x}, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=1} = -\frac{1}{1 + \Delta x}, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=2} = -\frac{1}{4 + 2\Delta x};\end{aligned}$$

$$4) f(x) = \sqrt{x}, x_0 = 1, x_0 = 2, x_0 \in D_f;$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0) = \sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} - \sqrt{x_0} = \frac{(\sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} - \sqrt{x_0})(\sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x_0})}{\sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x_0}} \\ &= \frac{x_0 + \Delta x - x_0}{\sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x_0}} = \frac{\Delta x}{\sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x_0}} \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x_0 + \Delta x} + \sqrt{x_0}}, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x=1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \Delta x} + 1}, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x=2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \Delta x} + 4};\end{aligned}$$

$$5) f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}, x_0 = 1, x_0 = 2, x_0 \in D_f;$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0) = \frac{x_0 + \Delta x - 1}{x_0 + \Delta x + 1} - \frac{x_0 - 1}{x_0 + 1} \\ &= \frac{x_0^2 + x_0 \Delta x - x_0 + x_0 + \Delta x - 1 - (x_0^2 + x_0 \Delta x + x_0 - x_0 - \Delta x - 1)}{(x_0 + 1)(x_0 + \Delta x + 1)} \\ &= \frac{x_0^2 + x_0 \Delta x + \Delta x - 1 - x_0^2 - x_0 \Delta x + \Delta x + 1}{(x_0 + 1)(x_0 + \Delta x + 1)} = \frac{2\Delta x}{(x_0 + 1)(x_0 + \Delta x + 1)} \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{2}{(x_0 + 1)(x_0 + \Delta x + 1)}, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=1} = \frac{1}{2 + \Delta x}, \quad \left. \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right|_{x_0=2} = \frac{1}{2(3 + \Delta x)}.\end{aligned}$$