

Zadatak 4.

Uvođenjem nove varijable izračunaj:

- 1) $\int 4 \sin 3x \, dx;$
- 2) $\int (\sin 2x - \cos 5x) \, dx;$
- 3) $\int \sin x \cos^3 x \, dx;$
- 4) $\int \sin^2 x \cos x \, dx;$
- 5) $\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^3 x} \, dx;$
- 6) $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^4 x} \, dx;$
- 7) $\int \frac{\sin x}{1 + 3 \cos x} \, dx;$
- 8) $\int \frac{\cos x}{1 + 2 \sin x} \, dx;$
- 9) $\int \operatorname{ctg} x \, dx;$
- 10) $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin x \cos x} \, dx;$
- 11) $\int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{1+2\cos x}} \, dx;$
- 12) $\int \sin^2 x \, dx.$

Rješenje.

- 1) $\int 4 \sin 3x \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3x = t \\ 3dx = dt \end{array} \right\} = \frac{4}{3} \int \sin t \, dt = -\frac{4}{3} \cos t + C = -\frac{4}{3} \cos 3x + C;$
- 2) $\int (\sin 2x - \cos 5x) \, dx = \int \sin 2x \, dx - \int \cos 5x \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2x = t \\ 2dx = dt \end{array} \right\} = \frac{1}{2} \int \sin t \, dt - \int \cos 5x \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5x = z \\ 5dx = dz \end{array} \right\} = -\frac{1}{2} \cos t - \frac{1}{5} \int \cos z \, dz = -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + C;$
- 3) $\int \sin x \cos^3 x \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cos x = t \\ -\sin x \, dx = dt \end{array} \right\} = - \int t^3 \, dt = -\frac{1}{4} t^4 + C = -\frac{1}{4} \cos^4 x + C;$
- 4) $\int \sin^2 x \cos x \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = \sin x \\ dt = \cos x \, dx \end{array} \right\} = \int t^2 \, dt = \frac{1}{3} t^3 + C = \frac{1}{3} \sin^3 x + C;$
- 5) $\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^3 x} \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = \cos x \\ dt = -\sin x \, dx \end{array} \right\} = - \int \frac{dt}{t^3} = -\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{t^2} + C = \frac{1}{2 \cos^2 x} + C;$
- 6) $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^4 x} \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = \sin x \\ dt = \cos x \, dx \end{array} \right\} = \int \frac{dt}{t^4} = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{t^3} + C = -\frac{1}{3 \sin^3 x} + C;$
- 7) $\int \frac{\sin x}{1 + 3 \cos x} \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + 3 \cos x = t \\ -3 \sin x \, dx = dt \end{array} \right\} = -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{dt}{t} = -\frac{1}{3} \ln |t| + C = -\frac{1}{3} \ln |1 + 3 \cos x| + C;$
- 8) $\int \frac{\cos x}{1 + 2 \sin x} \, dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 + 2 \sin x = t \\ 2 \cos x \, dx = dt \end{array} \right\} = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dt}{t} = \frac{1}{2} \ln |t| + C = \frac{1}{2} \ln |1 + 2 \sin x| + C;$

$$\mathbf{9)} \int \operatorname{ctg} x dx = \int \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = \sin x \\ dt = \cos x dx \end{array} \right\} = \int \frac{dt}{t} = \ln |t| + C = \ln |\sin x| + C;$$

$$\mathbf{10)} \int \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin x \cos x} dx = \int \frac{2 \cos 2x}{\sin 2x} dx = \int \frac{d(\sin 2x)}{\sin 2x} = \ln |\sin 2x| + C;$$

$$\mathbf{11)} \int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{1+2 \cos x}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1+2 \cos x = t^2 \\ -2 \sin x dx = 2tdt \\ \sin x dx = -tdt \end{array} \right\} = \int \frac{-tdt}{t} = -t + C =$$

$$-\sqrt{1+2 \cos x} + C;$$

$$\mathbf{12)} \int \sin^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (1 - \cos 2x) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = 2x \\ dt = 2dx \end{array} \right\} = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{4} \int \cos t dt =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{4} \sin t = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + C.$$