

**Zadatak 17.** Dokaži da je niz  $(a_n)$  omeđen ako je:

$$1) a_n = \frac{n+2}{2^n}; \quad 2) a_n = \frac{2^n}{1+3^n};$$

$$3) a_n = \sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n};$$

$$4) a_n = \sqrt[3]{8n-n^3} + \sqrt[3]{8n+n^3};$$

$$5) a_n = \log_{1/2} \frac{n+1}{n};$$

$$6) a_n = \log(3n+2) - \log(n+1).$$

**Rješenje.**

$$1) a_n = \frac{n+2}{2^n} = \frac{n}{2^n} + \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} > 0;$$

$$a_1 = \frac{3}{2}, a_2 = 1, a_3 = \frac{5}{8}, a_4 = \frac{2}{8}, \dots$$

Niz je monotono padajući

$$a_{n+1} - a_n = \frac{n+3}{2^{n+1}} - \frac{n+2}{2^n} = \frac{n+3-2(n+2)}{2^{n+1}} = \frac{-(n+1)}{2^{n+1}} < 0;$$

te je stoga  $a_1 = \frac{3}{2}$  najveći član niza. Dakle,  $0 < a_n \leq \frac{3}{2}$ .

$$2) a_n = \frac{2^n}{1+3^n} > 0;$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{2}, a_2 = \frac{2}{5}, a_3 = \frac{2}{7}, \dots$$

Niz je monotono padajući

$$a_{n+1} - a_n = \frac{2^{n+1}}{1+3^{n+1}} - \frac{2^n}{1+3^n} = -\frac{2^n(3^n-1)}{(1+3^n)(1+3^{n+1})} < 0;$$

te je stoga  $a_1 = \frac{1}{2}$  najveći član niza. Dakle,  $0 < a_n \leq \frac{1}{2}$ .

$$3) a_n = \sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n} > 0;$$

$$a_1 = \sqrt{2} - 1 \approx 0.414, a_2 = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} \approx 0.318, a_3 = 2 - \sqrt{3} \approx 0.268, \dots$$

Niz je monotono padajući te je stoga  $a_1 = \sqrt{2} - 1$  najveći član niza. Dakle,  $0 < a_n \leq (\sqrt{2} - 1)$ .

$$4) a_n = \sqrt[3]{8n-n^3} + \sqrt[3]{8n+n^3} > 0;$$

$$a_1 = \sqrt[3]{7} + \sqrt[3]{9} \approx 3.99; a_2 = 2 + 2\sqrt[3]{3} \approx 4.88; a_3 = -\sqrt[3]{3} + 2\sqrt[3]{51} \approx 2.26; a_4 = -\sqrt[3]{-32} + 2\sqrt[3]{96} \approx 1.40;$$

Niz je monotono padajući od člana  $a_2$  te je stoga  $a_2 = 2 + 2\sqrt[3]{3}$  najveći član niza. Dakle,  $0 < a_n \leq (2 + 2\sqrt[3]{3})$ .

$$5) a_n = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{n+1}{n} = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{n} \right);$$

$$\text{Stavimo } b_n = 1 + \frac{1}{n};$$

$$1 < b_n \leq 2 \implies \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 2 \leq \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{n} \right) < \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 1 \implies -1 \leq a_n < 0.$$

$$6) a_n = \log(3n + 2) - \log(n + 1) = \log \frac{3n + 2}{n + 1} = \log \left( 3 - \frac{1}{n + 1} \right);$$

Stavimo  $b_n = 3 - \frac{1}{n + 1}$ . Niz je monotono padajući pa je  $b_1 = \frac{5}{2}$  najveći član niza i vrijedi:

$$\frac{5}{2} \leq b_n < 3$$

odakle slijedi

$$\log \frac{5}{2} \leq a_n < \log 3.$$