

Zadatak 49. Dokaži da svaki od sljedećih nizova ima limes i odredi ga:

$$1) a_1 = \frac{1}{2}, a_n = \frac{1}{2 - a_{n-1}}, \text{ za } n \geq 2;$$

$$2) a_1 = \frac{1}{2}, a_n = \frac{2}{3 - a_{n-1}}, \text{ za } n \geq 2.$$

Rješenje.

$$1) a_1 = \frac{1}{2}, a_2 = \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{3}, a_3 = \frac{1}{2 - \frac{2}{3}} = \frac{3}{4},$$

$$a_4 = \frac{1}{2 - \frac{3}{4}} = \frac{4}{5}, a_5 = \frac{1}{2 - \frac{4}{5}} = \frac{5}{6};$$

Da se naslutiti da je $a_n = \frac{n}{n+1}$. Pretpostavimo da je to istina za a_n i provjerimo za a_{n+1} :

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2 - \frac{n}{n+1}} = \frac{n+1}{2n+2-n} = \frac{n+1}{n+2}.$$

Sada je:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+1}\right) = 1;$$

$$2) a_1 = \frac{1}{2}, a_2 = \frac{2}{3 - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{4}{5}, a_3 = \frac{2}{3 - \frac{4}{5}} = \frac{10}{11},$$

$$a_4 = \frac{2}{3 - \frac{10}{11}} = \frac{22}{23}, a_5 = \frac{2}{3 - \frac{22}{23}} = \frac{46}{47};$$

Da se naslutiti da je $a_n < 1$. Pretpostavimo da je to istina za a_n i provjerimo za a_{n+1} :

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{2}{3 - a_n} < 1; \quad (3 - a_n > 2 \text{ zbog } a_n < 1).$$

Limes je omeđen i monotonno rastući

$$a_{n+1} > a_n \iff \frac{2}{3 - a_n} > a_n \iff \underbrace{(a_n - 1)}_{< 0} \underbrace{(a_n - 2)}_{< 0} > 0$$

pa ima limes. Neka je a traženi limes, tada vrijedi:

$$a = \frac{2}{3 - a}, \quad (a - 1)(a - 2) = 0; \quad (a_n < 1) \implies \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 1.$$